

**2015**

*Time : 3 hours*

*Full Marks : 80*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Answer from both the Groups as directed.*

**Group - A**

**(Objective Type Questions)**

1. Choose the correct answer of the following :

$$2 \times 10 = 20$$

- (a) An android takes the form of :
- (i) An Insect
  - (ii) A Human Body
  - (iii) A simple robot arm
  - (iv) Binocular vision

(Turn over)

(b) According to Asimov's three laws, under what

circumstances is it all right for a robot to injure

a human being?

(i) Never

(ii) When the human being specifically

requests it

(iii) In case of an accident

(iv) In case the robot controller is infected

with a computer virus

(c) Second-generation robots first were used

around the year :

(i) 1950

(ii) 1960

(iii) 1970

(iv) 1980

(d) An automotive robot might best keep itself

travelling down a specific lane of traffic by

using :

(i) Binaural Hearing

- (g) Spherical coordinates can uniquely define the position of a point in up to :
- (i) One dimension
  - (ii) Two dimension
  - (iii) Three dimension
  - (iv) Four dimension

(h) A color vision system can use three gray-scale cameras, equipped with filters

that allow which three colors of light to pass ?

- (i) Blue, Red and Yellow
- (ii) Blue, Red and Green
- (iii) Cyan , Magenta and Yellow
- (iv) Orange, Green and Violet.

(i) Proximity sensing is most closely akin to :

- (i) Direction measurement
- (ii) Epipolar navigation
- (iii) Distance measurement
- (iv) Machine vision

(i) A robot that has its own computer and can work independently of other robots or computers is called an :

- (i) Android
- (ii) Insect robot
- (iii) Automated guided vehicle
- (iv) Autonomous robot

#### Group – B

#### (Long-answer Type Questions)

Answer any four questions of the following :

$$15 \times 4 = 60$$

2. (a) What is the difference between Path and Trajectory and what is Trajectory Planning ?  
(b) Define Pixel function, shrink operator and swell operator.

3. (a) What are the advantages and disadvantages of PLC system ?

- (b) Compute the joining variable vector  $q = (q^1, q^2, q^3, q^4)^T$  for the following where  $w = (203.4, 662.7, 557.0, 0, 0, -1.649)^T$ .

4. (a) Consider the stanford Manipulator, derive the complete set of forward kinematic equation by establishing appropriate D-H coordinate frames, constructing a table of link parameters.

- (b) With neat sketch write basic four steps for transferring frame K – 1 to frame K.

5. (a) What are the important edge detection methods for polygonal objects ? Explain one of the edge detection technique ?
- (b) What are area descriptors ? What are its advantages over line descriptors ? Explain the different moments to characterizing shape.
6. (a) Explain the equivalent ladder diagram to demonstrate De Morgan's theorem.
- (b) Draw a ladder diagram for two motor system having the following conditions :
- The start switch star motor 1 ; and 15 second later motor 2 starts ; the stop switch stops motor 1 and 20 seconds later motor 2 stops
7. Write short notes on any three of the following :
- (a) Classification of robots
- (b) Properties of Inverse kinematics solutions
- (c) Bounded Deviation Algorithm for straight line motion planning
- (d) Template matching technique for apart recognition
8. (a) Discuss briefly about touch sensors used in robotics.
- (b) Explain the principles of servomotor.
9. Write short notes on any three of the following :
- (a) PID Controller
- (b) Proximity sensor
- (c) PWM Amplifiers
- (d) Mobile Robot